

St Andrew's Church of England Primary School

Science Overview



		Science Overview	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Year 1 (Cycle A)	Materials Identify, name and describe simple physical properties of everyday materials (incl. wood, plastic, glass, metal, rock, water) Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made Compare and group together a variety of materials on the basis of their simple physical properties Seasons Observe seasonal changes across the four seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies (Working scientifically: make tables and charts about the weather / Keep records of how plants have changed over time, e.g. leaves falling off trees and buds opening' / make displays of what happens around them including day length)	Animals including humans (animal adaptations, habitats, life cycles) Identify and name a variety of common animals (incl fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds, mammals) (including minibeast hunt and taking care of animals found). Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets). Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores (Mini-beast hunt in Spring 2 – focus on taking care of creatures found).	Animals including humans Identify, name, draw and label basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense. Plants (and trees) Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, incl. deciduous and evergreen trees. Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants including trees. Observe growth of flowers and vegetables pupils have planted. Identify that most plants are suited to their habitat and describe how habitats provide their basic needs and how they depend on each other.
	 Working scientifically: Ask simple questions. Observe closely, using simple equipment. Perform simple tests. Identify and classify. Use observations and ideas to suggest ans Gather and record data to help in answeri 		

Year 2	Focus: Working Scientifically (investigate	Living things and their habitats:	Animals including humans
(Cycle A)	materials)	Identify and name a variety of animals in their	Notice that animals, including humans, have
(Cycle A)	Identify and compare the suitability of everyday	habitats, including micro-habitats.	offspring which grow into adults
	materials for particular uses (link to GFOL).	Identify that most animals are suited to their	Find out about and describe the basic needs of
	Find out how the shapes of solid objects made	habitat and describe how habitats provide their	animals including humans, for survival (water,
	from some materials can be changed (squashing,	basic needs for different kinds of animals and	food, air)
	bending, twisting, stretching).	how they depend on each other.	Describe the importance for humans of exercise,
	Include: find out about people who have	Explore and compare things that are living, dead	eating the right amounts of different types of
	developed useful new materials: John Dunlop,	and have never been alive.	food, and hygiene
	Charles Macintosh, John McAdam / classifying	Describe how animals obtain food from plants	Plants
	and recording observations.	and other animals, using the idea of a simple	Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow
		food chain, and identify and name different food	into mature plants.
	Vocab: use, material, squash, bend, twist,	sources.	Find out and describe how plants need water,
	stretch, properties	(Mini-beast hunt in Spring 2 – focus on taking	light and a suitable.
		care of creatures found).	
Year 3	Animals, Including Humans	Rocks	Forces and Magnets
	In this unit, children will learn about the	In this unit, children will find out about the	In this unit, children will learn about forces,
	importance of the right type and amount of	different types of rocks and how they are formed.	friction and magnetic attraction. They will learn
	nutrition. They will also learn about the functions	They will compare and group rocks based on	about forces in the context of pushing and
	of skeletons and muscles.	their appearance and simple properties. Children	pulling, and will identify different actions as
		will learn how fossils are formed and the	pushes or pulls. They will investigate friction, by
	Light	contributions of Mary Anning to the field of	exploring the movement of a toy car over
	In this unit, children will learn about light,	palaeontology.	different surfaces. Children will identify magnetic
	reflections and shadows. They will learn about	I LOIOI - P	materials, investigate the strength of different
	different sources of light, and that we need light	Plants	types of magnet and explore the way magnetic
	to see. Children will learn about reflective	In this unit, children will learn the names of	poles can attract and repel.
	materials, reflective surfaces and that the sun's	different parts of plants and the jobs they do.	
	light can be dangerous.	They will investigate what plants need to grow	Additional time
		well and learn about the transportation of water	*If all units completed, study significant
		within plants.	scientists/inventors in line with school diversity driver

	Working scientifically:					
	• Ask relevant questions.					
	• Set up simple, practical enquiries and comparative and fair tests.					
	 Make accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, e.g. thermometers and data loggers. Gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions. 					
	• Record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, bar charts and tables.					
	• Report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions.					
	• Use results to draw simple conclusions and suggest improvements, new questions and predictions for setting up further tests.					
	Identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple, scientific ideas and processes.					
	Use straightforward, scientific evidence to answe					
Year 4	Animals, Including Humans	Sound	States of Matter			
	In this unit children will learn about the digestive	In this unit children will work in a hands-on way	This unit teaches children about the differences			
	system in humans and other animals. They will	to discover how sounds are made and associate	between solids, liquids and gases. They will			
	identify the different types of teeth and their	them with something vibrating. They will learn	classify objects and identify their properties.			
	functions. Children will learn about herbivores,	how particles pass sound vibrations on and	Children will discover how some materials			
	carnivores and omnivores in the context of teeth,	explore how the loudness and pitch of sounds	change state; exploring melting, freezing,			
	digestion and the food chain. They will then	can be changed. They will investigate how	condensing and evaporating. They will then learn			
	extend their understanding of food chains to	sounds change over distance and through	about the different stages of the water cycle.			
	create more complex chains and food webs.	different materials.				
	Living Things and Their Liphitets	Electricity	Additional time			
	Living Things and Their Habitats In this unit children explore a variety of ways to	This is the first unit of electricity studied in KS2.	*If all units completed, study significant			
	identify, sort, group and classify living things.	Children will learn what electricity is and how it	scientists/inventors in line with school diversity driver			
	They learn how animals are split into	was discovered. They will identify appliances that				
	'vertebrates' and 'invertebrates' and begin to	use electricity in their homes and how to keep				
	consider the differences between living things	themselves safe around it. Children will construct				
	within these classifications. They use and make	circuits and start to create pictorial				
	classification keys to identify and name living	representations of them.				
	things in the local habitat and beyond. Children	representations of them.				
	will also learn that environments can change and					
	that these changes can be natural or man-made.					
	They will discover changing environments can					
	have a significant impact on living things.					

Year 5	Forces	Earth and Space	Animals, Including Humans
	In this unit, children will learn about forces such	Children will be introduced to the basics of	In this unit, children will learn about the different
	as gravity, fiction, water resistance and air	astronomy; an overview of Earth and its place in	stages of the human lifecycle.
	resistance. They will also learn about	our solar system.	
	mechanisms such as levers, gears and pulleys.	P. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	Additional time
	Children will identify forces and find out about	Living Things and Their Habitats	*If all units completed, study significant
	Isaac Newton and his discoveries about gravity,	In this unit, children will learn about the process	scientists/inventors in line with school diversity
	and look for patterns and links between the mass	of reproduction and the life cycles of plants,	driver
	and weight of objects. They will investigate air	insects, amphibians, birds and mammals. They 📑	
	and water resistance, and explore friction.	will recap their learning from Year 3 and label	
		the parts of a plant before exploring	
	Properties and Changes of Materials	reproduction in different plants, including	
	In this unit, children will learn about different	different methods of pollination and asexual	
	materials, their uses and their properties, as well	reproduction. Children will learn about the	
	as dissolving, separating mixtures and	different life cycles of mammals and birds, and	
	irreversible changes. They will sort and classify	metamorphosis in insects and amphibians.	
	objects according to their properties and explore		
	the properties to find the most suitable material		
	for different purposes.		
Year 6	Animals, including humans	Living Things and Their Habitats	Light
	In this unit, children will build on their knowledge	In this unit, children will learn about the	In this unit, children will build further on their
	and understanding of different systems within	classification of living things, including micro-	knowledge of light, shadows, reflection and
	the body. They will research the parts and	organisms. They will build on their knowledge	refraction from Year 3. They will learn how light
	functions of the circulatory system, and focus on	from Year 4 by sorting animals into groups based	travels and how this enables us to see objects.
	how nutrients are transported around the human	on their similarities and differences, and will	Children will find out how light creates the
	body. Children will explore how a healthy life	extend their learning to find out about the	colours we see, and about Isaac Newton and his
	cycle supports the body to function and how	standard system of classification first developed	theory of light and colour.
	different types of drugs affect the body.	by Carl Linnaeus.	
			Additional time
	Electricity	Evolution and Inheritance	*If all units completed, study significant
	In this unit, children will build on their knowledge	In this unit, children will learn about the	scientists/inventors in line with school diversity
	of electricity from Year 4, and find out about two	classification of living things, including micro-	driver
	important scientific inventors – Thomas Edison	organisms. They will build on their knowledge	
	and Nikola Tesla.	from Year 4 by sorting animals into groups based	
		on their similarities and differences, and will	
		extend their learning to find out about the	



Following God's Path to Flourish in Life